

## SECTION-A: MACROECONOMICS

1. Read the following statements carefully:

**Statement 1** : APS can be negative.

**Statement 2** : APS is the ratio of total savings and total income.

In the light of the given statements, choose the correct alternative from the following:

(a) Statement 1 is true and statement 2 is false

(b) Statement 1 is false and statement 2 is true

(c) Both statements 1 and 2 are true

(d) Both statements 1 and 2 are false

2. Balance of payments is in equilibrium when:

(a) Current account balance + Capital account balance > Zero

(b) Current account balance + Capital account balance < Zero

(c) Current account balance + Capital account balance = Zero

(d) all of these

3. With an increase in SLR, flow of credit in the economy:

(a) increases

(b) decreases

(c) remains unchanged

(d) none of these

4. Read the following statements carefully:

**Statement 1** : Export and import of capital goods is included in the current account of BoP.

**Statement 2** : Capital account transactions reveal borrowings from rest of the world.

In the light of the given statements, choose the correct alternative:

(a) Statement 1 is true and statement 2 is false

(b) Statement 1 is false and statement 2 is true

(c) Both statements 1 and 2 are true

(d) Both statements 1 and 2 are false

5. Read the following statements carefully:

**Statement 1** : Capital goods lead to direct-satisfaction of human wants.

**Statement 2** : Higher production of consumption goods leads to higher production capacity in the economy

- In the light of the given statements, choose the correct alternative from the following:
- Statement 1 is true and statement 2 is false
  - Statement 1 is false and statement 2 is true
  - Both statements 1 and 2 are true
  - Both statements 1 and 2 are false

OR



On the basis of the above image answer the following question:

The above image indicates to which of the following?

- Stock variable
  - Flow variable
  - Either stock variable or flow variable
  - Neither stock variable nor flow variable
6. The relationship between multiplier and MPC is:
- direct
  - indirect
  - one-to-one
  - none of these

OR

When household consumption expenditure = ₹ 9,000, private investment expenditure = ₹ 7,000, government expenditure = ₹ 12,000, exports = ₹ 1,000 and imports = ₹ 3,000, the level of AD in an open economy will be:

- ₹ 16,000
  - ₹ 26,000
  - ₹ 28,000
  - ₹ 29,000
7. Transfer of value has become easier with:
- evolution of money
  - storage of money
  - measure of value
  - all of these
8. Look at the following data of a given country.

No.	Items	Value (in million US dollars)
1.	Exports (of goods)	150
2.	Imports (of goods)	200
3.	Net invisibles	20

Which of the following is incorrect?

- (a) Balance of trade is unfavourable for the country
- (b) Balance of payment cannot be determined by the data
- (c) There is a current account deficit of 30 million US dollars
- (d) There is a capital account surplus of 50 million US dollars

OR

Items	2020-21 (₹ crore)
Export	125
Import	165
Non-factor services	22
Income	8
Transfer	14

On the basis of the above-mentioned information answer the following question:

The value of goods and services balance will be:

- (a) ₹ 4 crore
- (b) ₹ 18 crore
- (c) (-) ₹ 18 crore
- (d) (-) ₹ 10 crore

9. Read the following statement—Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose one of the correct alternatives given below:

**Assertion (A) :** Desired investment expenditure is not related to the level of income in the economy.

**Reason (R) :** Desired investment expenditure is assumed to be autonomous.

**Alternatives:**

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

10. Read the following statement—Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose one of the correct alternatives given below:

**Assertion (A) :** Consumption function reveals the behaviour of household consumption expenditure with respect to the level of income in the economy.

**Reason (R) :** The entire increase in income during a particular period is converted into consumption.

**Alternatives:**

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).

(c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.

(d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

11. Calculate 'Sales' from the following data:

**Items**

Items	(₹ in lakh)
(i) Net value added at factor cost	
(ii) Intermediate consumption	300
(iii) Indirect tax	240
(iv) Depreciation	30
(v) Change in stock	40

12. Explain the reason for inverse relationship between price of a foreign currency and its demand. (-) 60

**OR**

How does balance of payments reflect supply, demand status of foreign exchange for a country?

13. Suppose in a hypothetical economy, the savings increase by ₹ 20 crore when national income increases by ₹ 100 crore. Compute the additional investments needed to attain an increase in national income by ₹ 6,000 crore?

14. Giving reasons, state whether the following statements are true or false:

(i) When investment multiplier is 1, the value of marginal propensity to consume is zero.

(ii) If the ratio of marginal propensity to consume and marginal propensity to save is 3 : 1, the value of investment multiplier will be 5.

15. Read the following case study carefully and answer the question on the basis of the same:

Prior to the commencement of the twentieth century there had been no clearly defined concept of Central banking. Gradually the control of currency and credit vested in one bank with the support of the State and Subject to some form of State supervision and participation irrespective of the stage of economic development in the country. Among the classical economists, Adam Smith emphasized the role of a "properly regulated" banking system, which in his view would provide the appropriate amount of money endogenously through the expansion and contraction of credit. According to Smith, the introduction of banks and credit money would have a once and for all effect on economic activity by releasing for production, social capital previous tied up in stocks of money commodity. However, once the banking system was in place and functioning according to rules, the quantity of money, now endogenous to the system, would have no independent effect on the level of economic activity. As a matter of fact, global thinking on monetary management and by implication, that on Central Banking, has evolved over time in accordance with the changing perceptions regarding the role of money in economic activity.

**Source:** S. Hasan Qayed, *Role of Central Bank in Monetary Management of a Country with Special Reference to Reserve Bank of India, 2004*

Explain how 'cash reserve ratio' is helpful in controlling credit creation.

OR

'While performing their primary functions of accepting deposits and making advances, the commercial banks happen to be the suppliers of money.' Explain.

16. (a) 'Real Gross Domestic Product is a better indicator of economic growth than Nominal Gross Domestic Product'.  
Do you agree with the given statement? Support your answer with a suitable numerical example.
- (b) How will the following be treated while estimating national income of India? Give reasons.
- (i) Value of bonus shares received by shareholders of a company.
  - (ii) Fees received from students.
  - (iii) Interest received on loan given to a foreign company in India.

17. (a)

Primary Deficit

=

-

Interest Payment

Fill the missing blank in the equation above along with defining the concept and stating its implications.

- (b) What are non-tax receipts? Give some examples.

OR

- (a) Why are subsidies treated as revenue expenditure?  
(b) In the budget (2016), the government has hinted at lowering its expenditure on subsidies. Examine the economic value of this policy.

## SECTION-B: INDIAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

18. \_\_\_\_\_ is one of the main positive contribution made by the British in India.
- (a) Introduction of Railways
  - (b) Opening of Suez Canal
  - (c) Introduction of Population Census
  - (d) None of these
19. Fallowing is a practice of \_\_\_\_\_. (Fill up the blank with correct alternative)
- (a) fixing the maximum holding-size for an individual farmer
  - (b) leaving land free of cultivation for some time so that it regains its fertility
  - (c) allotment of land to the farmer at one place, in lieu of his scattered pieces of land at several places
  - (d) none of these

OR

For a small-scale industry, annual turnover limit is:

- (a) < ₹10 crore
- (b) < ₹20 crore
- (c) < ₹50 crore
- (d) < ₹100 crore

20. One Child Policy was adopted by China in the year:

- (a) 1972 (b) 1975  
(c) 1979 (d) 1982

OR

In China, commune system is related to:

- (a) agriculture (b) industry  
(c) services (d) none of these

21. In which year was nationalisation of commercial banks started?

- (a) 1969 (b) 1979  
(c) 1980 (d) 1991

22. Identify the correct sequence of alternatives given in Column II by matching them with respective items in Column I:

Column I	Column II
A. Establishment of People's Republic of China	(i) A cause of re-emergence of poverty in Pakistan
B. Economic reforms in Pakistan	(ii) 1949
C. Lack of political stability	(iii) Conducive to foreign direct investment
D. SEZ	(iv) 1988

Alternatives:

- (a) A—(ii), B—(iv), C—(i), D—(iii) (b) A—(iii), B—(i), C—(iv), D—(ii)  
(c) A—(iv), B—(iii), C—(ii), D—(i) (d) A—(iii), B—(iv), C—(i), D—(ii)

23. Read the following statements carefully.

Statement 1 : Brain drain refers to the migration of skilled manpower to developed countries of the world.

Statement 2 : 'Loss of skill' causes a dent in the process and pace of growth.

In the light of the given statements, choose the correct alternative:

- (a) Statement 1 is true and statement 2 is false  
(b) Statement 1 is false and statement 2 is true  
(c) Both statements 1 and 2 are true  
(d) Both statements 1 and 2 are false

24. Read the following statements carefully.

Statement 1 : Experience of India shows a major shift directly from primary to the tertiary sector.

Statement 2 : The economy of India has integrated with the global economies at a faster pace.

In the light of the given statements, choose the correct alternative:

- (a) Statement 1 is true and statement 2 is false
- (b) Statement 1 is false and statement 2 is true
- (c) Both statements 1 and 2 are true
- (d) Both statements 1 and 2 are false

25. The Chipko movement was launched in \_\_\_\_\_.

*(Fill up the blank with correct alternative)*

- (a) Uttarakhand
- (b) Karnataka
- (c) Jharkhand
- (d) None of these

OR

Which of the following is an abiotic component of environment?

- (a) Bacteria
- (b) Animal
- (c) Humans
- (d) Minerals

26. Read the following statement—Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose one of the correct alternatives given below:

**Assertion (A)** : Participation rate is measured as a ratio of workforce to total population of the country.

**Reason (R)** : Rate of participation for women is higher in urban areas compared with rural areas.

**Alternatives:**

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

27. Read the following statement—Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose one of the correct alternatives given below:

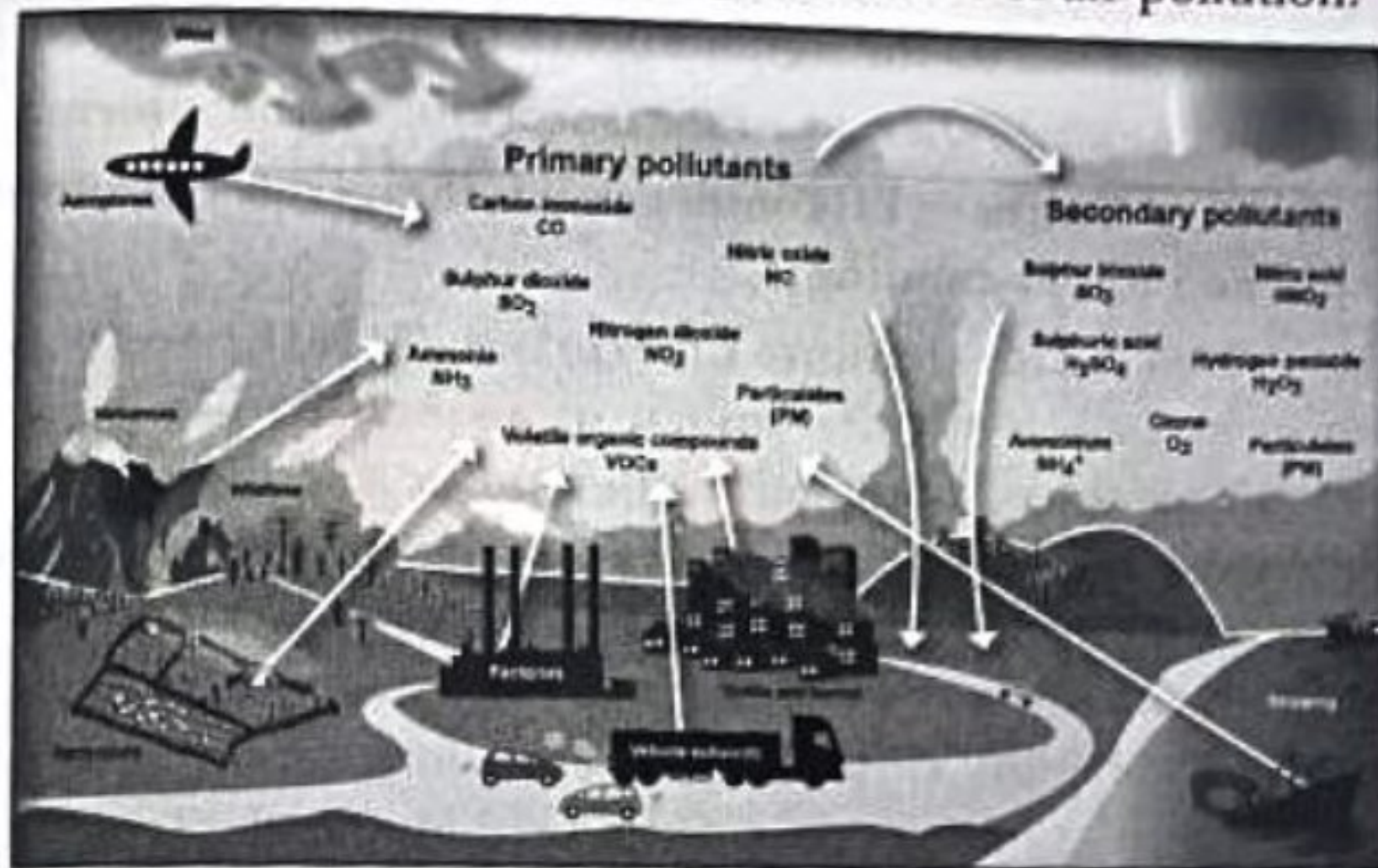
**Assertion (A)** : "One Child Policy" of 1979 has been successful in China.

**Reason (R)** : China has been able to control its rate of population growth.

**Alternatives:**

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

28. Interpret the given picture along with stating the causes of air pollution.



Source: Pinterest

29. How poverty leads to low wages?

OR

'Diversification of crop production is the need of the hour for Indian agriculture.'  
Comment

30. Answer the following questions on the basis of the following data:

- Comment upon the population growth rates among the three countries.
- Which country has most skewed sex ratio?

Country	Estimated Population (in million)	Annual Growth of Population (in %)	Sex Ratio
India	1,311	1.2	929
China	1,371	0.5	941
Pakistan	188	2.1	947

Source: World Development Indicators 2015, www.worldbank.org

- What do you mean by globalisation?
- Is agricultural subsidy a vice?

OR

Why was there a need for state-led industrial development in the country on the eve of independence? Discuss.

- How is literacy different from education?
  - Explain how investment in education stimulates economic growth.
- What do you mean by rural development? Bring out the key issues in rural development.
  - State any two challenges facing rural development in India.
  - Mention some obstacles that hinder the mechanism of agricultural marketing.



OR

- (a) Write two observations on the significance of human capital in GDP growth of a country.  
(b) How will you know whether a worker is working in the informal sector?
34. Read the following text carefully and answer the given questions on the basis of the same and common understanding:

India's Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) sector is poised for a mega transformation in 2020, with the launch of an Alibaba-like e-marketplace, trendy yet affordable khadi products to appeal to the masses and digital data-based credit ratings to help entrepreneurs avail loans. However, the MSME sector, often considered the bulwark of the economy as it contributes around 29% to the GDP and 48% to the Indian exports. There is an urgent need of major reforms and policy interventions towards ensuring timely availability of low cost credit, improving ease of doing business and technological up gradation, to take on the formidable challenge of creating millions of jobs, ensure equitable distribution of national income and achieving large-scale import substitution. The World Bank has recently approved loan worth \$750 million to address the immediate liquidity and credit needs of India's MSME sector that has been severely impacted by the COVID-19 crisis. This will give a push to the Atmanirbhar Bharat vision of the government.

- (a) Write the observations highlighting achievements of agrarian reforms in India.  
(b) Industrialisation leads to structural shift in the economy. Comment.



+2 history

MBD SURE SHORT cbse question  
bank

Page no 24,25 lesson1 self  
assessment test

Page 48,49 lesson 2 self assessment  
test

(Write and learn)

9:31 AM

+2 sociology of Oswal books paper  
1 and 2 solved  
(Write and learn)

9:33 AM

1. Solve the question paper very neatly.  
 2. Kindly solve the assignment carefully.

class IV

**SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS**

Subject - Retail

Q. 1 Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions on Employability Skills (1 x 4 = 4 marks)		
i.	A mini saga is a piece of writing with exactly _____ words. a) 50 words b) 20 words c) 25 words d) 30 words	1
ii.	_____ Motivation is based on the physical needs to satisfy hunger and thirst.	1
iii.	Identify the Personality Disorder, "If a person is characterized by a pattern of persistent disregard for and violation of rights of others." a) Paranoid b) Antisocial c) Schizoid d) Avoidant	1
iv.	Functions are predefined formulae that perform calculations using specific values called arguments. (True/False)	1
v.	UNEP stands for _____.	1
vi.	In SMART Goals for an Entrepreneur, the alphabet A stands for _____. a) Artistic b) Attainable c) Available d) Attractive	1

Q. 2 Answer any 5 out of the given 7 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)		
i.	The person who is directly connected with rank and file or subordinates and acts as a vital link between the management-subordinates _____.	1
ii.	"Dump bins" also called _____ for close out items. (buffer bins/ offer bins)	1
iii.	The retail market place is polarizing into a _____ forcing retailers to reorient their core strategies. (world of dreams/ world of extremes)	1
iv.	CMMS stands for a) Consumer Maintenance Management System b) Computerized Maintenance Management System	1

	c) Customer Maintenance Management System	
v.	Match the columns 1. Point of Production 2. Point of Storage 3. Point of Sale	1
	Retail store Factory of farm Warehouses	
vi.	The actual hiring authority for the recruit of an employee rests in the hands of a _____	1
vii.	What do you called the ability to understand and meet the needs of Customer?	1

<b>Q. 3</b>	<b>Answer any 6 out of the given 7 questions (1 x 6 = 6 marks)</b>	
i.	B2C stands for _____ in terms of online retailing.	1
ii.	_____ e-mails are the usually triggered on a customer's action with a company. (Direct e-mails/ Transactional e-mail)	1
iii.	Identify the Call Centre Technology allows people to work from home. a) Premise Call Centre Technology b) Office Call Centre Technology c) Virtual Call Centre Technology	1
iv.	The term e-business was coined by IBM's marketing and internet teams in 1996. (True/False)	1
v.	Name the marketing through Telecommunications.	1
vi.	Trace the method of advertising via e-mail whereby the recipient of the advertisement has consented to receive it.	1
vii.	_____ Readers are used to capture credit or debit card information to process sales.	1

<b>Q. 4</b>	<b>Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)</b>	
i.	POS system at retail store will most often have an _____ Cash Drawer.	1
ii.	_____ retrieve coded pricing information using laser beam for various items.	1
iii.	What refers to the area of a store where customers can pay for their purchases?	1
iv.	Identify the layout used by the modern Keyboards. qwerty layout a) Poverty layout	1

	b) Warty layout	
v.	The Point of Sale differs in a retail store and in a Restaurant. (True/False)	1
vi.	CLM stands for a) Customer Life Cycle Management b) Computerized Life Cycle Management c) Consumer Life Cycle Management d) Convergence Life Cycle Management	1

<b>Q. 5</b>	<b>Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)</b>	
i.	Name the Reporting Tool that provides MIS reports that help in decision making, analyzing the trends and competition.	1
ii.	Name the process that includes receiving and recording payments from the customers.	1
iii.	Identify the concept throws light on the point that each transaction as two folds affect such as receiving and giving of the benefits. a) Dual aspect concern b) The cost concepts c) Going concern concept d) Business entity concept	1
iv.	Conventions are the customs or traditions guiding the preparation of accounting statements. (State True/ False)	1
v.	The important branches of accounting are: a) Financial Accounting b) Cost Accounting c) Management Accounting d) All of the above	1
vi.	Billing accuracy is most important factor for: a) Customer satisfaction b) Reseller satisfaction c) Purchase satisfaction d) None of the above	1

<b>Q. 6</b>	<b>Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)</b>	
i.	Which of the following methods it does not require daily monitoring of inventory traffic and figures? a) Perpetual method b) Periodic method	1

	c) Precise method	1
ii.	LIFO stands for a) Least in first out b) Low in first out c) Last in first out	1
iii.	Running out of the inventory of an SKU means _____. a) Stock out b) Stock in c) Stock keeping	1
iv.	Inventory means a list of goods and materials available in stock by a business.  (True/ False)	1
v.	Name the term used in business to refer to merchandise being offered for sale that was manufactured long ago but that has never been used.	1
vi.	SKU stands for _____.	1

### **SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS**

**Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions on Employability Skills (2 x 3 = 6 marks)**

**Answer each question in 20 – 30 words.**

Q 7	List out the four steps of Active listening.	2
Q 8	Write the importance of Self-motivation	2
Q 9	What is the use of MIN function in Open Office Calc.	2
Q 10	Define the term Biofuel.	2
Q11	What do you understand by Entrepreneurial Competencies?	2

**Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 20 – 30 words each (2 x 3 = 6 marks)**

Q 12	List out the Elements of Visual Merchandising.	2
Q 13	Give the two steps involved to a successful and accurate physical inventory handling Process-I	2
Q 14	Mention the key requirements that must be met by Modern POS system.	2
Q 15	Write the two broad categories of POS system.	2
Q 16	What are the main objectives of Accounting?	2

**Answer any 2 out of the given 3 questions in 50– 80 words each (3 x 2 = 6 marks)**

Q 17	State the advantages of Telemarketing.	3
Q 18	Keyboards are used with back office server. Explain the function of Keyboard.	3
Q 19	"E-Shopping is becoming popular now a days". Accordingly Justify the statement by mentioning the important features of E-Shop.	3

Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 50- 80 words each (4 x 3 = 12 marks)

Q. 20	"The organization and the Store are built from the Customer Perspective". Investigate the statement to be Customer Centric and List out the strategies.	4
Q. 21	According to you, what are the three basic reasons for keeping an Inventory?	4
Q. 22	Distinguish between Book Keeping and Accounting.	4
Q. 23	"The key components of POS system work together in synchronization to give the best results to the Retailer". List out the procedure steps of working.	4
Q. 24	"Accounting is useful to the management as well as other users". Clarify the statement by providing the functions of Accounting.	4



1. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖਿਆਂ ਵਿਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਇਕ ਕਾਵਿ-ਟੋਟੇ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਸੰਗ ਸਹਿਤ ਵਿਆਖਿਆ ਕਰੋ—

(ੳ) ਹੈ ਧਰਤੀ ਪਰ ਛੇਹ ਅਸਮਾਨੀ, ਸੁੰਦਰਤਾ ਵਿਚ ਲਿਸ਼ਕੇ ।  
ਧਰਤੀ ਦੇ ਰਸ, ਸੁਾਦ, ਨਜ਼ਾਰੇ, 'ਰਾਮਜ ਅਰਜ' ਦੀ ਚਸਕੇ ।

(ਅ) ਅੱਜ ਆਖਾਂ ਵਾਰਸ ਸ਼ਾਹ ਨੂੰ, ਕਿਤੋਂ ਕਬਰਾਂ ਵਿਚੋਂ ਬੋਲ ।  
ਤੇ ਅੱਜ ਕਿਤਾਬੇ ਇਸ਼ਕ ਦਾ, ਕੋਈ ਅਗਲਾ ਵਰਕਾ ਫੋਲ ।  
ਇਕ ਰੋਈ ਸੀ ਧੀ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੀ, ਤੂੰ ਲਿਖ ਲਿਖ ਮਾਰੇ ਵੈਣ ।  
ਅੱਜ ਲੱਖਾਂ ਧੀਆਂ ਰੋਂਦੀਆਂ, ਤੈਨੂੰ ਵਾਰਸ ਸ਼ਾਹ ਨੂੰ ਕਹਿਣ ।

2. 'ਸਾਂਝ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ 125-150 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਲਿਖੋ ।

ਜਾਂ

8

'ਮਾੜਾ ਬੰਦਾ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਆਲੋਚਨਾਤਮਕ ਸਾਰ 125-150 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਲਿਖੋ ।

6

3. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਿਆਂ ਵਿਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਇਕ ਉੱਤੇ 125-150 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਪੈਰਾ ਰਚਨਾ ਕਰੋ—

(ੳ) ਨਾਨਕ ਦੁਖੀਆ ਸਭ ਸੰਸਾਰ  
(ਅ) ਅਨੁਸ਼ਾਸਨ ਦਾ ਮਹੱਤਵ  
(ੲ) ਸਮੇਂ ਦੀ ਪਾਬੰਦੀ ।

10

4. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਆਪਣੇ ਕੈਫ਼ੇ ਲਈ ਕਿਸੇ ਕੰਪਨੀ ਦਾ ਕੰਪਿਊਟਰ ਸੰਗਮ ਕੰਪਿਊਟਰਜ਼, ਸਾਹਿਬਜ਼ਾਦਾ ਅਜੀਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਨਗਰ ਤੋਂ ਖਰੀਦਿਆ ਸੀ । ਕੰਪਿਊਟਰ ਵਿਚ ਆਈਆਂ ਖਰਾਬੀਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਉਕਤ ਫਰਮ ਨੂੰ ਇਕ ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੋ ।

ਜਾਂ

ਤੁਸੀਂ ਪੜ੍ਹੇ-ਲਿਖੇ ਨੌਜਵਾਨ ਹੋ । ਜੀਵਨ-ਬੀਮਾ ਨਿਗਮ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੀ ਯੋਗਤਾ ਦੱਸਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਬੀਮਾ ਏਜੰਟ ਬਣਨ ਲਈ ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੋ ।

8

5. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੀ ਵਾਰਤਾ ਦੀ ਇਕ-ਤਿਹਾਈ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਸੰਖੇਪ-ਰਚਨਾ ਕਰੋ ਤੇ ਢੁੱਕਵਾਂ ਸਿਰਲੇਖ ਵੀ ਦਿਓ—  
ਅਰਦਾਸ ਦਾ ਅਸਲ ਮੰਤਵ ਦਾਤਾਂ ਮੰਗਣੀਆਂ ਨਹੀਂ । ਵਾਹਿਗੁਰੂ ਤਾਂ ਸਾਡੇ ਅੰਦਰ ਦੀਆਂ ਜਾਣਦਾ ਹੈ । ਸਾਡੇ ਮੰਗੇ ਬਗ਼ੈਰ ਹੀ ਉਸ ਨੂੰ ਸਾਡੀਆਂ ਲੋੜਾਂ ਦਾ ਪਤਾ ਹੈ । ਆਪਣੀਆਂ ਦਾਤਾਂ ਉਹ ਸਾਡੇ 'ਤੇ ਬਿਨਾਂ ਮੰਗੇ ਹੀ ਲੁਟਾਂਦਾ

ਫਿਰਦਾ ਹੈ । ਉਹ ਤਾਂ ਚੰਗੇ-ਮੰਦੇ ਸਭ ਜੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਫਿਕਰ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ । ਉਸ ਦਾ ਸੂਰਜ ਪਾਪੀਆਂ ਤੇ ਪੁੰਨੀਆਂ ਦੋਨਾਂ ਲਈ ਇੱਕੋ ਜਿਹੀ ਧੁੱਪ ਵਰਤਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ । ਉਸ ਦੀ ਧਰਤੀ ਨਿਆਈਆਂ, ਅਨਿਆਈਆਂ ਸਭਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਇਕਸਾਰ ਠਾਰਦੀ ਹੈ । ਉਸ ਦੀ ਬਖਸ਼ਿਸ਼ ਤਾਂ ਅਵਿਰਲ ਬਰਸਦੀ ਹੈ । ਦਾਤਾਂ ਦੇਣ ਲਈ ਉਹ ਸਾਡੀਆਂ ਅਰਦਾਸਾਂ ਕਦੋਂ ਉਡੀਕਦਾ ਹੈ ? ਪੂਰਨ ਪਿਆਰ ਉਸ ਦੀ ਰੀਤ ਹੈ । ਪਿਆਰ ਵਿਚ ਉਸ ਨੇ ਸਾਡੇ ਲਈ ਦਾਤਾਂ ਦੀ ਲੁੱਟ ਪਾਈ ਹੋਈ ਹੈ । ਮੰਦੇ ਉਸ ਪਾਸੋਂ ਮੰਗਦੇ ਵੀ ਨਹੀਂ, ਫਿਰ ਵੀ ਦਾਤਾਂ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਚੰਗੇ ਮੰਗਦੇ ਹਨ, ਪਰ ਕਿੰਨਾ ਕੁੱਝ ਮੰਗਦੇ ਹਨ । ਮੰਗੇ ਤੋਂ ਵਧੀਕ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਕੁੱਝ ਨਹੀਂ ਮਿਲਦਾ ? ਅਰਦਾਸ ਦਾ ਅਸਲ ਮੰਤਵ ਲੋੜਾਂ ਦੱਸਣਾ ਨਹੀਂ, ਵਾਹਿਗੁਰੂ ਦੀ ਨੇੜਤਾ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਨਾ ਹੈ । ਅਰਦਾਸ ਤਾਂ ਵਾਹਿਗੁਰੂ ਜੀ ਅੱਗੇ ਆਪਣਾ ਦਿਲ ਖੋਲ੍ਹਣ ਦਾ ਸਾਧਨ ਹੈ । ਦਿਲ ਦੇ ਤਾਕ ਖੋਲ੍ਹੀਏ, ਤਾਂ ਦੈਵੀ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਸ਼ ਅੰਦਰ ਪ੍ਰਵੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ । ਜਦੋਂ ਮਾਲਕ ਨੂੰ ਅਸੀਂ ਆਪਣੀਆਂ ਲੋੜਾਂ ਦੱਸਦੇ ਹਾਂ, ਤਾਂ ਇਸ ਲਈ ਨਹੀਂ ਕਿ ਉਸ ਨੂੰ ਦਾਤਾਂ ਦੇਣ ਵਿਚ ਕੋਈ ਸੁਝਾਓ ਦੇਈਏ, ਸਗੋਂ ਇਸ ਲਈ ਕਿ ਉਸ ਪਿਆਰੇ ਨਾਲ ਗੱਲਾਂ ਕਰਨ ਦਾ ਅਵਸਰ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰੀਏ । ਅਜਿਹਾ ਅਵਸਰ ਸਾਡੀ ਨਿਰਬਲਤਾ 'ਚੋਂ, ਸਾਡੀਆਂ ਲੋੜਾਂ-ਬੁਝਾਂ 'ਚੋਂ ਨਿੱਤ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ । ਇਸ ਨੂੰ ਅਸੀਂ ਵਾਹਿਗੁਰੂ ਜੀ ਨਾਲ ਆਪਣਾ ਦੁੱਖ-ਸੁੱਖ ਫੋਲਣ ਦੇ ਆਹਰ ਵਿਚ ਲਾ ਕੇ ਉਸ ਦੀ ਨੇੜਤਾ ਦੇ ਪਾਤਰ ਬਣ ਸਕਦੇ ਹਾਂ ।

$$7 + 1 = 8$$

6. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਵਾਕਾਂ ਵਿਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਚਾਰ ਵਾਕਾਂ ਦਾ ਬ੍ਰੈਕਟਾਂ 'ਚ ਦਿੱਤੇ ਨਿਰਦੇਸ਼ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਵਾਕ-ਵਟਾਂਦਰਾਂ ਕਰੋ—

- (ੳ) ਜਦ ਬਿਪਤਾ ਪਏ ਤਦ ਧੀਰਜ ਰੱਖੋ । (ਸਧਾਰਨ ਵਾਕ)  
 (ਅ) ਬਜ਼ੁਰਗਾਂ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਕਰੋ ਅਤੇ ਉਹਨਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਅਸੀਸਾਂ ਲਓ । (ਮਿਸ਼ਰਿਤ ਵਾਕ)  
 (ੲ) ਫੁੱਲ ਬਹੁਤ ਸੁੰਦਰ ਹੈ । (ਵਿਸਮੈਵਾਚਕ ਵਾਕ)  
 (ਸ) ਜਦੋਂ ਮੈਂ ਸਕੂਲ ਪਹੁੰਚਿਆ ਤਾਂ ਘੰਟੀ ਵੱਜ ਗਈ । (ਸੰਯੁਕਤ ਵਾਕ)  
 (ਹ) ਆਹਾ ; ਮੇਰੀ ਨੌਕਰੀ ਲੱਗ ਗਈ ਹੈ । (ਸਧਾਰਨ ਵਾਕ)

$$1 \times 4 = 4$$

7. ਕਿਸੇ ਪੰਜ ਅਖਾਣਾਂ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ ਦੀ ਸਥਿਤੀ ਸਪੱਸ਼ਟ ਕਰਨ ਲਈ ਵਾਕ ਬਣਾਓ—

- (ੳ) ਅੱਗੇ ਸੱਪ ਤੇ ਪਿੱਛੇ ਸ਼ੀਹ ।  
 (ਅ) ਸਾਰਾ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਵੇਖੀਏ ਅੱਧਾ ਦੇਈਏ ਵੰਡ ।  
 (ੲ) ਵਾਦੜੀਆਂ ਸਜਾਦੜੀਆਂ ਨਿਭਣ ਸਿਰਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ ।  
 (ਸ) ਜਿੰਨਾ-ਜਿੰਨਾ ਸਾਕ, ਉੰਨਾ-ਉੰਨਾ ਸੇਕ ।  
 (ਹ) ਘੜੇ ਨੂੰ ਹੱਥ ਲਾਇਆ ਸਾਰਾ ਟੱਬਰ ਤਿਹਾਇਆ ।  
 (ਕ) ਬਿੱਲੀ ਸਿਰਹਾਣੇ ਦੁੱਧ ਨਹੀਂ ਜੰਮਦਾ ।  
 (ਖ) ਉੱਠੇ ਤਾਂ ਉਠ ਨਹੀਂ ਰੇਤੇ ਦੀ ਮੁੱਠ ।

$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

8. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਤਿੰਨ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ 25-30 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਉੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੋ—

- (ੳ) ਪ੍ਰੋਫੈਸਰ ਬੁੱਢੀ ਮਾਈ ਨੂੰ ਪੈਸੇ ਨਾ ਦੇ ਸਕਣ ਦੇ ਕਿਹੜੇ-ਕਿਹੜੇ ਕਾਰਨ ਸਮਝਦਾ ਹੈ ?  
 (ਅ) ਗੁਆਲੇ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਮਸਾਲੇ ਦੀ ਟੋਕਰੀ ਚੁੱਕ ਕੇ ਲੈ ਜਾਣ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਅਦ ਨੀਲੀ ਦੇ ਮਨ ਦੀ ਹਾਲਤ ਲੇਖਕ ਨੇ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਬਿਆਨ ਕੀਤੀ ਹੈ ?  
 (ੲ) ਰਿਕਸ਼ੇ ਵਾਲੇ ਦੀ ਦਿਖ ਅਤੇ ਉਸ ਤੋਂ ਉਤਪੰਨ ਹੋਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵ ਬਾਰੇ ਮੈਂ-ਪਾਤਰ/ਕਹਾਣੀਕਾਰ ਕੀ ਸੋਚਦਾ ਹੈ ?  
 (ਸ) ਜੀਤੋ ਦੇ ਘਰਦਿਆਂ ਨੇ ਆਪਣਾ ਚਾ ਪੂਰਾ ਕਰਨ ਲਈ ਕੀ ਕੀਤਾ ?

$$2 \times 3 = 6$$

9. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਚਾਰ ਦੇ 70-80 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਉੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੋ—

- (ੳ) ਪੰਜਾਬ ਵਿਚ ਤਿੱਥਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਕਿਹੜੇ-ਕਿਹੜੇ ਤਿਉਹਾਰ ਮਨਾਏ ਜਾਂਦੇ ਹਨ ?  
 (ਅ) ਪਹਿਲੇ ਸਮਿਆਂ ਵਿਚ ਮੁੰਡੇ ਅਤੇ ਕੁੜੀ ਦੇ ਜੰਮਣ 'ਤੇ ਰਸਮਾਂ-ਰਿਵਾਜਾਂ ਦੇ ਪੱਖ ਤੋਂ ਕੀ ਵਿਤਕਰਾ ਸੀ ? ਹੁਣ ਇਹ ਵਿਤਕਰਾ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਘਟ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?  
 (ੲ) ਕਬੱਡੀ ਕਿਹੋ ਜਿਹੀ ਖੇਡ ਹੈ ?

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(ਸ) ਝੁੰਮਰ ਲੋਕ ਨਾਚ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦਿਓ ।

(ਹ) ਪੰਜਾਬ ਵਿਚ ਬਦਲ ਰਹੀਆਂ ਪਰਿਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਲੋਕ-ਨਾਚਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਆਏ ਬਦਲਾਓ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦਿਓ ।

2 × 4 = 8

10. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਬਹੁਵਿਕਲਪੀ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਢੁਕਵੇਂ ਉੱਤਰ ਚੁਣੋ—

- (i) 'ਟੁਕੜੀ ਜਗ ਤੋਂ ਨਯਾਰੀ' ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦਾ ਕਵੀ/ਲੇਖਕ/ਰਚਨਹਾਰ ਕੌਣ ਹੈ ?  
(ੳ) ਧਨੀ ਰਾਮ ਚਾਤ੍ਰਕ (ਅ) ਪ੍ਰੋ: ਮੋਹਨ ਸਿੰਘ  
(ੲ) ਭਾਈ ਵੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ (ਸ) ਬਾਵਾ ਬਲਵੰਤ ।
- (ii) 'ਤਾਜ ਮਹੱਲ' ਕਵਿਤਾ ਨੂੰ ਕਿੰਨੇ ਹਿੱਸਿਆਂ ਵਿਚ ਵੰਡਿਆ ਜਾ ਸਕਦਾ ਹੈ ?  
(ੳ) ਦੋ (ਅ) ਤਿੰਨ  
(ੲ) ਚਾਰ (ਸ) ਪੰਜ ।
- (iii) 'ਮੇਰਾ ਬਚਪਨ' ਕਵਿਤਾ ਵਿਚ ਕਿਸ ਦੀ ਗੈਰਹਾਜ਼ਰੀ ਵਿਚ ਬੱਚੇ ਦਾ ਬਚਪਨ ਰੁਲ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ ?  
(ੳ) ਮਾਤਾ (ਅ) ਪਿਤਾ  
(ੲ) ਭਰਾ (ਸ) ਭੈਣ ।
- (iv) ਕਵੀ ਭੱਠੀ ਵਾਲੀ ਨੂੰ ਕਾਹਦਾ ਭਾੜਾ ਦਿੰਦਾ ਹੈ ?  
(ੳ) ਦਾਣਿਆਂ ਦਾ (ਅ) ਮੱਕੀ ਦਾ  
(ੲ) ਹੰਝੂਆਂ ਦਾ (ਸ) ਹਾਸਿਆਂ ਦਾ ।
- (v) 'ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਮੇਲੇ ਤੇ ਤਿਉਹਾਰ' ਲੇਖ ਦਾ ਲੇਖਕ ਕੌਣ ਹੈ ?  
(ੳ) ਡਾ: ਐੱਸ.ਐੱਸ. ਵਣਜਾਰਾ ਬੇਦੀ (ਅ) ਡਾ: ਜੁਗਿੰਦਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਕੈਰੋਂ  
(ੲ) ਗੁਲਜਾਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਸੰਧੂ (ਸ) ਪ੍ਰੋ: ਮਨਜੀਤ ਸਿੰਘ ।
- (vi) ਮੁੱਢਲੇ ਮੁਨੱਖ ਨੂੰ ਅਜੋਕੇ ਮੁਨੱਖ ਨਾਲੋਂ ਕਿਸ ਦਾ ਭੈ ਵਧੇਰੇ ਸੀ ?  
(ੳ) ਦੈਵੀ ਤਾਕਤਾਂ ਦਾ (ਅ) ਮੀਂਹਾਂ ਦਾ  
(ੲ) ਹਨੇਰੀਆਂ ਦਾ (ਸ) ਹਨੇਰੇ ਦਾ ।
- (vii) ਮੁਨੱਖ ਦੇ ਸਰਬਪੱਖੀ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਦਾ ਸ੍ਰੋਤ ਕਿਹੜੀ ਚੀਜ਼ ਹੈ ?  
(ੳ) ਦਵਾਈਆਂ (ਅ) ਰੋਟੀ  
(ੲ) ਖੇਡ (ਸ) ਹੱਸਣਾ-ਰੋਣਾ ।
- (viii) ਪੰਜਾਬ ਵਿਚ ਲੋਕ-ਨਾਚ ਨੱਚਣ ਦੀ ਪਰੰਪਰਾ ਦੇ ਕਿੰਨੀ ਪੁਰਾਣੀ ਹੋਣ ਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਮਾਣ ਮਿਲਦੇ ਹਨ ?  
(ੳ) 2000 ਪੂ: ਈ: (ਅ) 3000 ਪੂ: ਈ:  
(ੲ) 5000 ਪੂ: ਈ: (ਸ) 8000 ਪੂ: ਈ: ।
- (ix) 'ਸਾਂਝ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਲੇਖਕ/ਰਚਨਹਾਰ ਕੌਣ ਹੈ ?  
(ੳ) ਸੁਜਾਨ ਸਿੰਘ (ਅ) ਕਰਤਾਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੁੱਗਲ  
(ੲ) ਪ੍ਰੇਮ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਸ਼ (ਸ) ਗੁਲਜਾਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਸੰਧੂ ।
- (x) 'ਨੀਲੀ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਅੰਤ ਕਿਹੋ ਜਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?  
(ੳ) ਸੁਖਾਂਤਕ (ਅ) ਦੁਖਾਂਤਕ  
(ੲ) ਦੁੱਖ-ਸੁਖਾਂਤਕ (ਸ) ਸਧਾਰਨ ।
- (xi) ਤੁਹਾਡੀ ਪਾਠ-ਪੁਸਤਕ ਵਿਚ ਪ੍ਰੇਮ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਸ਼ ਦੀ ਕਿਹੜੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਰਜ ਹੈ ?  
(ੳ) ਸਾਂਝ (ਅ) ਆਪਣਾ ਦੇਸ  
(ੲ) ਸਤੀਆਂ ਸੇਈ (ਸ) ਮਾੜਾ ਬੰਦਾ ।
- (xii) ਕੌਣ ਜੀਤੋ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ ਉਸ ਦੇ ਸਹੁਰੇ-ਘਰ ਜਾਣ ਲਈ ਨਹੀਂ ਸੀ ਮੰਨ ਰਿਹਾ ?  
(ੳ) ਜੀਤੋ ਦਾ ਵੀਰ (ਅ) ਨਾਇਣ  
(ੲ) ਜੀਤੋ ਦੀ ਭੈਣ (ਸ) ਜੀਤੋ ਦੀ ਸਹੇਲੀ ।

1 × 12 = 12



December-2022

Sub - Music (034)

Expt. No. ....

Date: / / 20

CLASS → +2

### Assignment

- 1) विशिष्ट वर्ण संदर्भ अक्षर प्रयुक्त 'ह' का अर्थ लिखें।
- 2) 'कण' शब्द का अर्थ क्या है?
- 3) मुक्ती की परिभाषा दें।
- 4) 'मतंग मुनि' अनुसार ग्राम क्या है?
- 5) आलाप और तान का मुख्य अंतर क्या है?
- 6) प्रातःकालीन संधिप्रकाश रागों में किस मध्यम की प्रधानता होती है?
- 7) 'अष्टवदशक स्वर' कौन सा है?
- 8) श्री इपताल का पूर्ण परिचय लिखें।
- 9) रूपक ताल की एक गुण, दुगुण, त्रिगुण, चौगुण लिखें।
- 10) पं. शारंगदेव जीने 'संगीत रत्नाकर' में वर्णित 'सारंग चतुष्टी' के लिए षीगा पर कितने तार बांधे?
- 11) सारंग चतुष्टी के अनुसार 'स्वर-श्रुति' - विभाजन क्या है?
- 12) संगीत वारिजात ग्रंथ किसने और कब लिखा?
- 13) पं. अष्टोत्थ जीने कौन सी नई पद्धति बनाई?
- 14) 'संगीत वारिजात' में कितने ब्लोक हैं?
- 15) 'संगीत रत्नाकर' के कितने अध्याय हैं?
- 16) बड़े गुलाम अली खाँ जी का जन्म कब हुआ?
- 17) राग भैरव का गायन समय?
- 18) राग बागेश्वरी का धाटा?
- 19) राग मालकौंस का आरोह, अवरोह, पकड़ लिखें।
- 20) रागों के समय-सिद्धान्त पर प्रकाश डालें।

12. Fine Arts  
Assignment

20 Marks

- Q- what is the speciality of the Rajasthani painting 'Bhanu meet Rama at Chitrakuta'?
- Q- why do you like or dislike the 'pahari' miniatures? Give appropriate reasons in short.
- Q- write a short note on the symbolic significance of the forms and colours of the Indian National flag.
- Q- Evaluate the compositional arrangement of the graphic print 'Of walls' duty' based on the aesthetic - parameters briefly.
- Q- write an essay on the evolution of Indian National flag and symbolic significance of its forms and colours.
- Q- which human life-values and emotions are shown in the art work 'Children' (a graphic-print), of the contemporary Indian art?

## practical work

Complete your practical file

- 15 sheets
- 5 Landscapes
- 5 Compositions
- 5 Still life

Size - A2 Sheet

72 Linesets

PAGE

DATE

## Assignment II

20 marks

Q- write a short note on the compositional arrangement of the Mughal painting 'Krishna Lifting Mount Govardhan'.

Q- Write a note on the subject matter of the Deccani painting 'Chand Bibi playing polo'.

Q- Describe the main features of the Bengal School of Painting.

Q- write a short note on the modern Trends in Indian Art:

Q- Write a note on the Deccani painting 'Hazrat Nizamuddin Auliya and Amir Khudro'.

- Name of the painter/artist and sub-school
- medium and Technique.
- Subject-matter
- Composition.

Q- write a critical note on the compositional arrangement of the painting from Bengal School 'Rama Vanquishing the pride of the Ocean' based on the asthetical parameters

## Practical work

- Complete your practical file

Total 15 Sheets

- 5 Compositions

- 5 Landscapes

- 5 Still Life

Size - A3